# An Annotation Protocol for Collecting User-Generated Counter-Arguments using Crowdsourcing

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Student

Essay

(Input)

#### **Constructive Feedback**

#### Overview

Constructive feedback (CF) improves critical thinking skills
Useful as CF: counter-arguments (CAs) and fallacies
Little work on CAs for micro-level (one claim/premise) arguments

**Topic: Are police too willing to use force?** 

**Argument A1:** Police are too willing to use force. Police are using excessive force all over the U.S.

#### Challenge

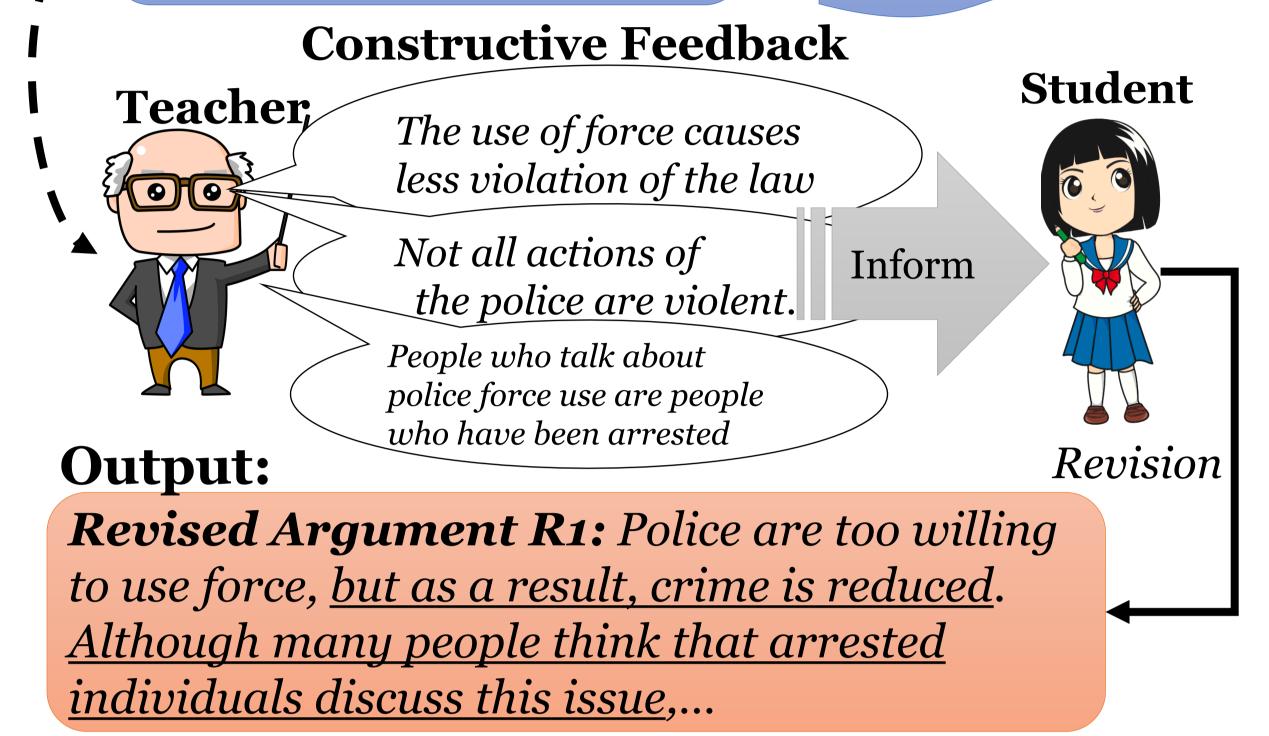
Collecting large-scale CAs useful for a model is challenging

## Solution

Create an annotation protocol for collecting large-scale CAs

# Contribution

Created protocol for collecting CAs via crowdsourcing
Conducted qualitative analysis on CA quality



**Annotation Study** 

#### Crowdsourcing

Useful for collecting large-scale data
Instructed workers to i) create CA (CAG) and ii) create CA after identifying fallacy (CAG-F)

#### Topic: There She Is, Miss America Argument:

- Miss America is good for women because Miss America gives honors and education scholarships.
- Does a **Hasty Generalization** fallacy exists in the argument "Miss America is good for women because Miss America gives honors and education scholarships."?
- Annotate quality of collected CAs
- Observe *inter-annotator agreement (IAA)*Annotators: two fluent-English speakers
- 100 instances for each task (CAG & CAG-F)

- Conducted trials using the Argument Reasoning Comprehension dataset (Habernal+, 2018)
- 5 random fallacy types

Diag	so write a counter, argument using the folloov pattern.
Plea	se write a counter-argument using the fallacy pattern:
•	Avoid copy and paste as much as possible.
•	Keep the answer as brief as you can
•	Avoid writing your own knowledge as much as possibl
lt's	too hasty to assume that
En	ter your text here.

Stage	IAA	#Agreed
CAG	0.29	54/100
CAG-F	0.37	74/100

### **Corpus of large-scale CAs**

#### Large-scale CA corpus

- Created large-scale corpus after submission
- Includes 4 fallacy types

Fallacy Type	Definition		
Hasty Generalization (HG)	Someone generally always assumes something based on a few instances.		
Begging the Question (BQ)	The truth of the premise is already assumed by the claim.		
Questionable Cause (QC)	The cause of an effect is questionable.		
Red Herring (RH)	Someone reverts attention away from the original claim by changing the topic.		

# **CA Examples**

Collected around 18K CAs from workers

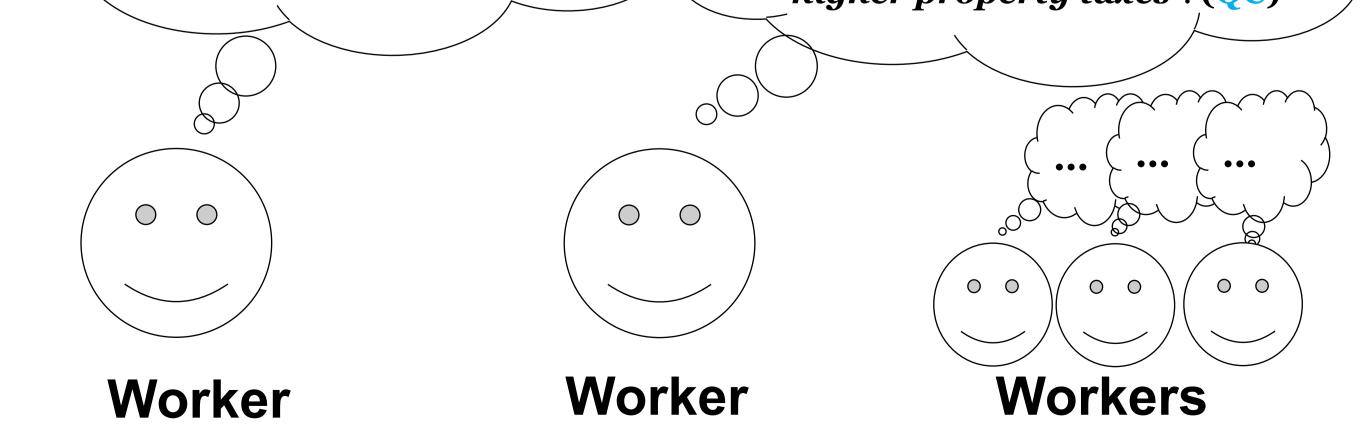
**Topic**: Is immigration really a problem? **Argument**: Immigration is really a problem because illegal immigrants crowd the schools which in turn causes higher property taxes.

CA: If "illegal immigrants crowd the schools" is assumed to be true, then "immigration is really a problem" is already assumed to be true. (BQ)

CA: There is a questionable cause in this argument because "illegal immigrants attending school" does/will not cause "higher property taxes". (QC)

**Statistics** 

Criteria	HG	BQ	QC	RH	Total
Unsure	2,043	315	2,136	1,879	6,373
CAs (FS)	3,365	3,818	2,121	1,772	11,076
CAs (O)	907	2,182	2,058	2,664	7,811
CAs (total)	4,272	6,000	4,179	4,436	18,887



#### Contact

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 Create a model for automatically identifying fallacies and generating informative CAs

**Future Work**